

AC Electrospinning Fabricated Nanofibrous Materials Based On Polycaprolactone And Graphene With Polydopamine Coating

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Abstract: Many publications describe chemical surface treatments by coating with various substances to provide better surface wettability and change surface properties of textile materials. One relatively available and frequently used method is polydopamine (PDA) coating. Polydopamine can alter many surface properties, especially wettability [1, 2]. This work describes the production of polycaprolactone (PCL) nanofibrous materials with varying concentrations of incorporated graphene (GR), produced by AC electrospinning technology, resulting in a highly hydrophobic surface. By using polydopamine, it was possible to reduce the contact angle and change surface properties such as surface electrical resistivity, using a polydopamine layer on surface. The material also appeared to be non-cytotoxic, giving it promise for biological applications, for example as a scaffold for cell culture.

KEYWORDS: nanofibrous materials, AC electrospinning, graphene, polydopamine coating

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